

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS  
CORPUS CHRISTI DIVISION

RONALD DWAYNE WHITFIELD,	§	
	§	
Petitioner,	§	
VS.	§	CASE NO. 2:08-MC-2
	§	
NATHANIEL QUARTERMAN,	§	
	§	
Respondent.	§	

**ORDER**

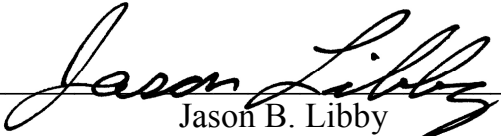
On February 8, 2008, Whitfield's motion to file a petition for writ of habeas corpus was denied. (D.E. 7). On April 17, 2008, his appeal was dismissed for want of prosecution. (D.E. 12). Over seven years later, on June 2, 2015, Whitfield filed the pending Motion for Leave to File Documents seeking leave to file a pleading claiming, without citing any valid authority, that the judgment was void and he is no longer barred from proceeding as a pauper because he is no longer in prison. (D.E. 13).

Whitfield's history as an abusive and frequently sanctioned litigant barred from filing actions by the PLRA's three strikes provision, 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g), is well documented in this Court and other federal courts in PACER, the electronic filing database, and on the three strikes list maintained by the Clerk of the Eastern District of Texas, and will not be repeated here at length. In *Whitfield v. Cockrell*, No. 4:02-cv-4218, United States District Judge Sim Lake barred Whitfield from filing *any* further pleadings in this *or any other civil action* unless he obtained advance written permission

from a United States District or Magistrate Judge or Court of Appeals Judge before filing any pleading. The Clerk was directed to return all future submissions to Whitfield in an envelope marked “FRIVOLOUS FILER, RETURN TO SENDER.” A \$100.00 sanction was imposed by the Fifth Circuit in *In re Whitfield*, No. 97-00454 (5th Cir. Oct. 30, 1997), a \$200.00 sanction was imposed in *Whitfield v. Johnson*, No. 2:97-cv-3148 (S.D. Tex. Apr. 22, 1999), a \$750.00 sanction was imposed in *Whitfield v. Johnson*, No. 4:94-cv-2767 (S.D. Tex. March 5, 2011), and a \$200.00 sanction was imposed in *Whitfield v. Ott*, No. 4:00-cv-2367 (S.D. Tex. July 17, 2001), just to name a few. Further, the presiding District Judge in the instant matter imposed a \$100.00 sanction in a separate case and barred Whitfield from filing any non-criminal actions in this Court until such fine is paid in full. *See In re Whitfield*, No. 2:08-mc-21 (S.D. Tex. March 13, 2008). According to the Clerk of Court, none of the sanctions has been paid.

The Fifth Circuit has held that a district court may enforce the sanction order of another district court. *Balawaidar v. Scott*, 160 F.3d 1066, 1067-68 (5th Cir. 1999). Whitfield failed to pay the sanctions imposed. Accordingly, the Motion for Leave is **DENIED**. (D.E. 13). The Clerk is **directed** to return all future submissions by Whitfield in this case to Whitfield in an envelope marked “FRIVOLOUS FILER, RETURN TO SENDER” until his sanctions have been paid in full.

ORDERED this 24th day of June, 2015.

  
Jason B. Libby  
United States Magistrate Judge